

VERB. to have seen; came in sight:
One by one, the stars ____.

If you loaded the paper correctly in your printer, the Unit 4 title card should be on the reverse side of this section. Just cut out the cards *carefully* and use them to study these reading vocabulary words.
Hope this helps! 😊

VERB. to have fallen to pieces; decayed:
The old wall ____ away at the edges.

VERB. being noisily busy and in a hurry:
The children were ____ to get ready for the party.

NOUN. person who entertains by art or skill of creating illusions, especially a sleight of hand:
The ____ pulled not one, but three rabbits out of his hat!

VERB. to get out and away; get free:
The bird can easily ____ from its cage.

VERB. disappeared, especially suddenly:
The sun ____ behind a cloud.

NOUN. something set up to honor a person or event. It may be a building, pillar, statue, tomb, or stone.

NOUN. any of the numerous sea mammals related to the whale, but smaller. They have beaklike snouts and remarkable intelligence.

1. **NOUN.** tank or glass bowl in which fish or other water animals and water plants are kept in water.
2. **NOUN.** building used for showing collections of live fish, water animals, and water plants.

1. **ADJECTIVE.** easily bent; bending without breaking:
Leather, rubber, and wire are ____.
2. **ADJECTIVE.** able to change easily to fit different conditions:
My mother works from our home, and her hours are very ____.

VERB. delighted greatly; charmed:
The music ____ us all.

1. **NOUN.** the regular beating of the arteries caused by the rush of blood into them after each contraction of the heart. By feeling this in the artery of a person's wrist, you can count the number of times the heart beats each minute.
2. **NOUN.** any regular, measured beat:
the ____ in music.

1. **NOUN.** short, quick views or looks:
I caught two ____ of the waterfall as our train went by the river.
2. **NOUN.** short, faint appearances:
There are ____ of truth in what you said.

NOUN. nobleman of the highest title, ranking just below a prince.

1. **NOUN.** the top of the ground or soil, or of a body of water or other liquid:
The stone sank under the water's ____.
2. **NOUN.** the outward appearance:
He seems rough, but you will find him very kind below the ____.
3. **VERB.** to rise to the top:
The submarine will ____ in an hour.

ADVERB. with unrestrained energy,
speed, etc.

*He worked ___ to finish his science
project.*

NOUN. a dark underground room or cell
to keep prisoners in.

NOUN. title used in speaking to or of a
king, queen, emperor, empress, etc.:

Your ___, His ___, Her ___.

NOUN. person having very great natural
power of mind:

Albert Einstein was a ___.

NOUN. farmer of the working class in
Europe, Asia, and Latin America.

ADJECTIVE. high and great by birth,
rank, or title; showing greatness of mind;
good:

a ___ person.

ADJECTIVE. of times long past:

*In Egypt, we saw the ruins of an ___
temple built 6000 years ago.*

(It comes from the Latin word *ante*
meaning "before.")

NOUN. food made of oatmeal or other
grain boiled in water or milk until it
thickens.

NOUN. learned persons; persons having much knowledge:

The professors are famous ____.

(It comes from the Greek word *school* meaning “discussion.”)

NOUN. anything that joins or connects, as a loop of a chain does:

I noticed a real ____ between his love of art and his career.

NOUN. building used for the service or worship of God or gods. (It comes from the Latin word *templum*.)

NOUN. one who tries to find; one who searches:

That judge is a ____ of truth.

NOUN. victory; success:

The exploration of outer space is a great ____ of modern science.

VERB. to change from one language into another:

I will ____ the book from French into English.

(It comes from the Latin word *trans*, which means “across, through, or behind.”)

NOUN. any of many cold-blooded animals with backbones and moist, scaleless skins.

Their young usually have gills and live in water until they develop lungs for living on land. Frogs, toads, newts, and salamanders are all examples.

VERB. to make known; reveal; expose:

The reporter might ____ a scandal.

NOUN. display or public showing:
The village art ___ had 10,000 visitors.

NOUN. activity of criminals; violation of law:
Police forces combat ___.

ADJECTIVE. used for information or help:
The ___ librarian can find the information that you need.

NOUN. any of many reptiles with long bodies and tails, moveable eyelids, and usually four legs. Some have no legs and look much like snakes. Iguanas, chameleons, and horned toads are examples.

NOUN. any of numerous animals shaped like lizards, but related to frogs and toads. These amphibians have moist, smooth skin and live in water or in damp places.

NOUN. any of many cold-blooded animals with backbones and lungs, usually covered with horny plates or scales. Snakes, lizards, turtles, alligators, and crocodiles are examples. Dinosaurs also belonged in this group.

VERB. to have puzzled:
Your riddle really ___ me!